AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

- 1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of transforming an *Allium* genus plant comprising the following steps:
 - (a) transforming embryo cells of the *Allium* genus plant with DNA sequences via a vector or direct gene transfer to produce transformed plant material, wherein transformation is achieved by:
 - (i) transferring embryo tissue into a preparation of Agrobacterium,
 - (ii) transferring the embryos to a culture medium;
 - (iii) co-cultivating for a period of 1-12 days;
 - (b) selecting the transformed plant material, by transferring the embryos to a selection medium containing the appropriate selection agents to kill the agrobacteria and preferentially grow the transgenic plant cells;
 - (c) culturing the tissues from (b) to produce secondary embryos and regenerating the transformed plant material; and
- (d) obtaining a transformed *Allium* genus plant; wherein the method of transforming is carried out without a passage through a callus phase.
- 2. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method according to claim 1 wherein the Allium genus plant is transformed using by co-cultivation of Allium tissue with a strain of

Agrobacterium containing a plasmid with a functional T-DNA region that is capable of transfer to plant cells and that following this transformation, *Allium* tissue is regenerated by preferential selection.

- 3. **(PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED)** The method according to claim 1 or 2 in which the *Allium* genus plant is onion.
- 4. **(PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED)** The method according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the embryo cells are transformed using a binary vector.
- 5. **(PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED)** The method according to claim 1 in which the embryo cells are inoculated with an *Agrobacterium* strain containing a T-DNA active for transformation.
- 6. **(PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED)** The method according to claim 1 or 2 in which immature embryos are used.
- 7. **(CURRENTLY AMENDED)** A method of transforming an *Allium* genus plant using immature embryos as an explant source, comprising:
 - (a) isolating immature embryos of the Allium genus plant to be transformed;

- (b) transforming the immature embryos by inoculating the immature embryos with an *Agrobacterium* strain and wounding the immature embryos in a culture medium, wherein transformation is achieved by:
 - (i) transferring embryo tissue into a preparation of Agrobacterium,
 - (ii) transferring the embryos to solid medium, and
 - (iii) co-cultivating for 1-12 days;
- (c) transferring the immature embryos to a selective medium of <u>P5 medium</u> plus 10 mg/l geneticin and 200 mg/l timentin or 5 mg/l Basta and 200 mg/l timentin, or other appropriate selective agents to kill the agrobacteria and preferentially select the transgenic *Allium* cells;
- (d) culturing the immature embryos in the dark to produce secondary embryos;
 - (e) selecting putative transgenic cultures;
 - (f) regenerating plants; and
 - (g) producing a transformed Allium Allium genus plant.
- 8. **(PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED)** The method according to claim 1 wherein the plant is transformed with an *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* strain containing a vector which carries a selectable DNA of interest.
- 9. **(PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED)** The method according to claim 8 in which the selectable DNA of interest confers herbicide resistance to the transformed plant.

- 10. **(CURRENTLY AMENDED)** The method according to claim 9 in which the herbicide resistance DNA of interest-is the bar gene or a glyphosate resistance gene encodes bar resistance or glyphosate resistance.
- 11. **(PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED)** The method according to claim 8 in which the selectable DNA of interest is an antibiotic resistance DNA of interest.
- 12. **(PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED)** The method according to claim 11 in which the antibiotic resistance DNA of interest is the *nptll* DNA of interest.
 - 13. (CANCELED)
- 14. **(PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED)** A transformed plant when produced by the method of claim 1.
 - 15. (CANCELED)